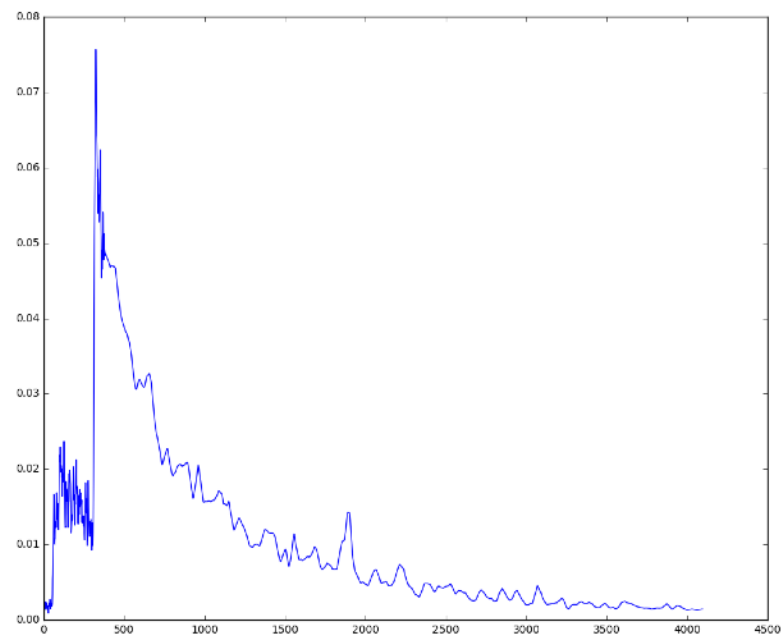


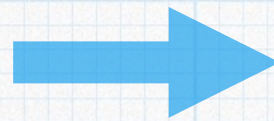
# Exploratory Studies: using Machine Learning to classify waveforms

Ken 29th Jan 2018  
NAP meeting



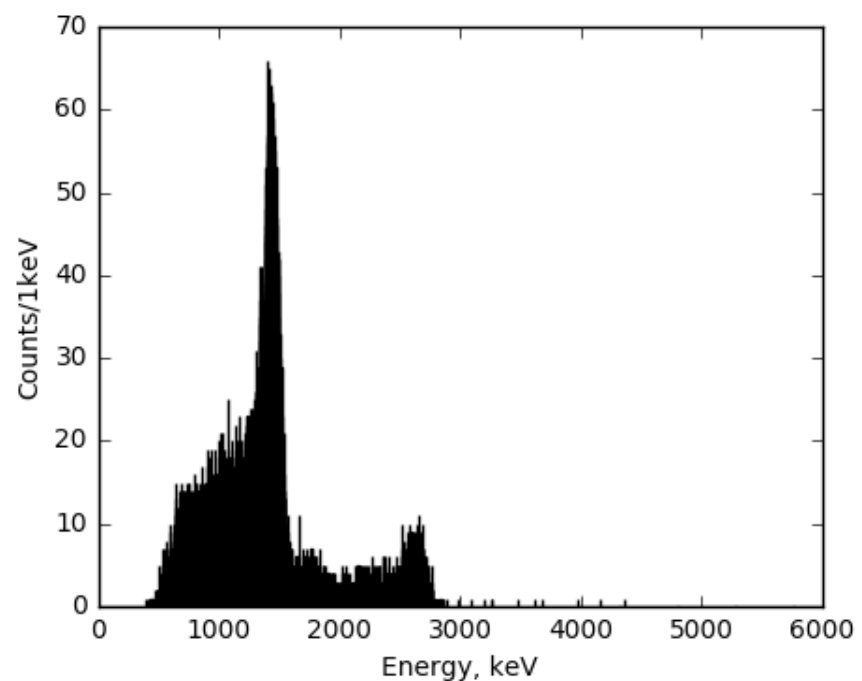


Waveform

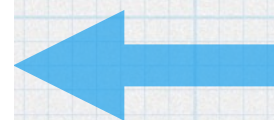


Energy,  
time ratio,  
chi-squared,

.....

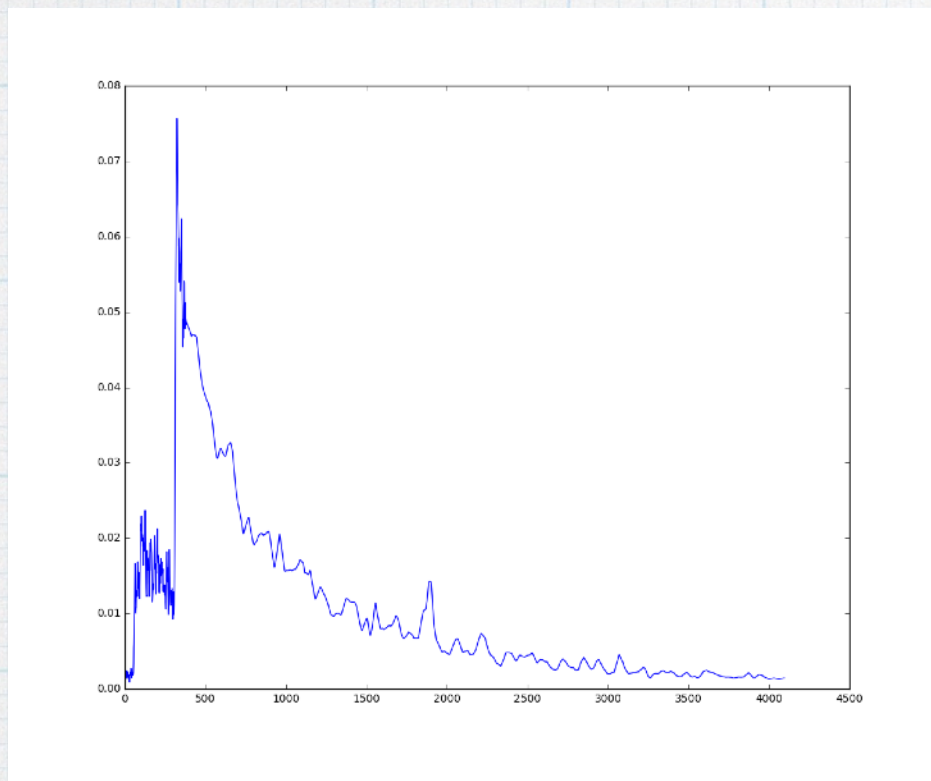


PSDPara[1]<1.5

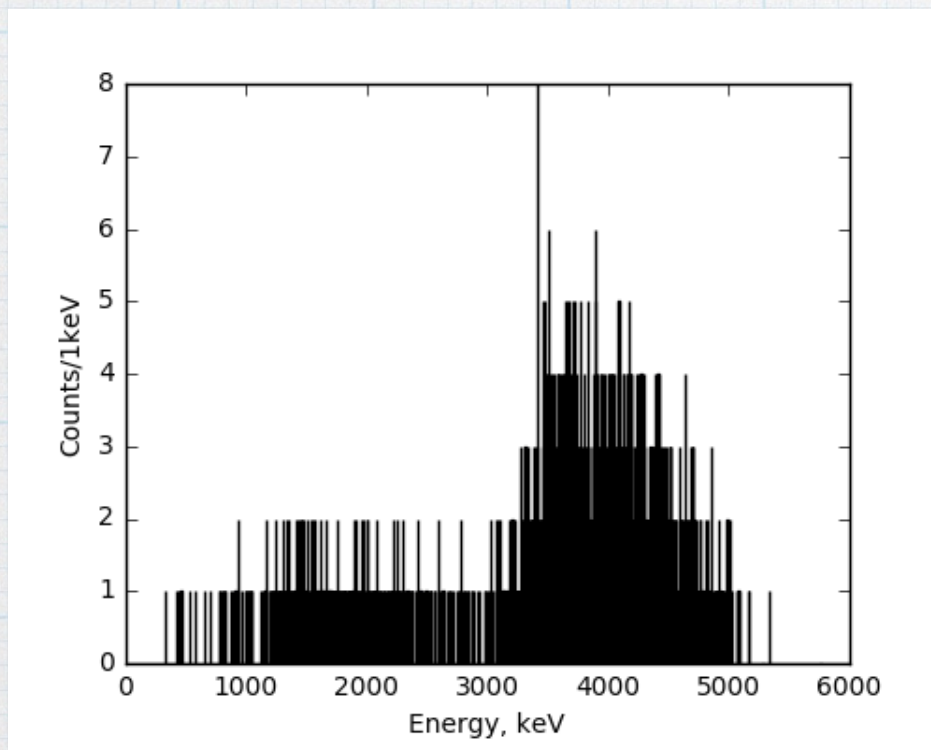


Using different and  
specific cut conditions to  
obtain the type of  
waveform we want.

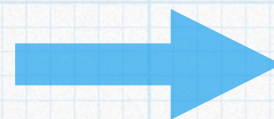




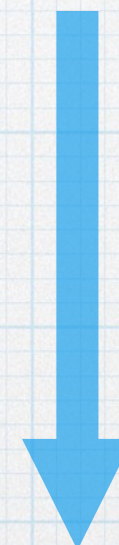
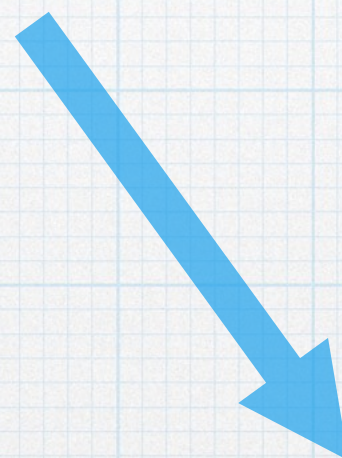
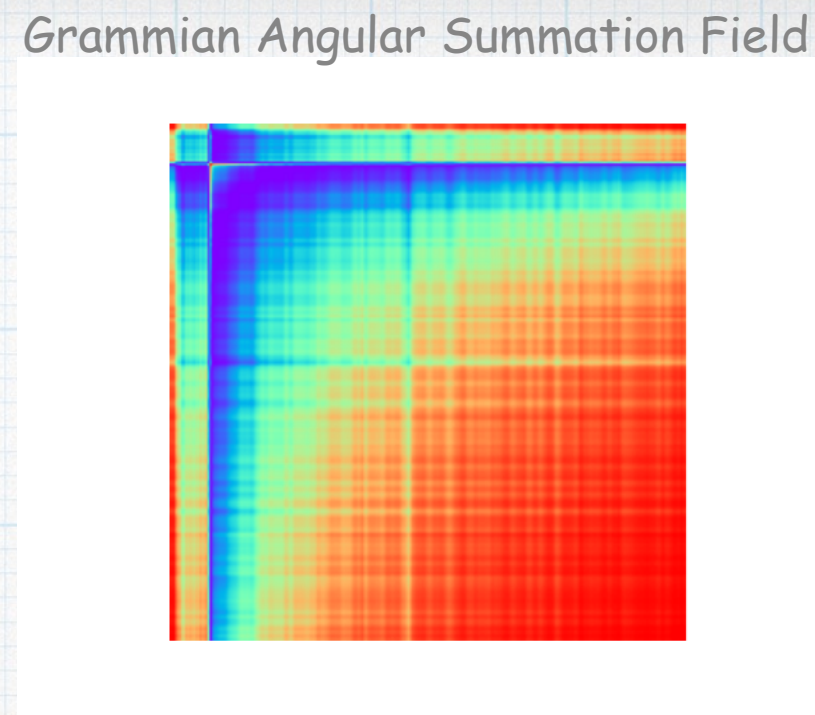
Waveform



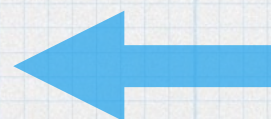
Piled-up events



OR



rather than simplifying the waveform down to few parameters. Using the image above or whole the waveform itself and classify it directly via a CNN.



Convolution  
Neural Network



\* For example:-

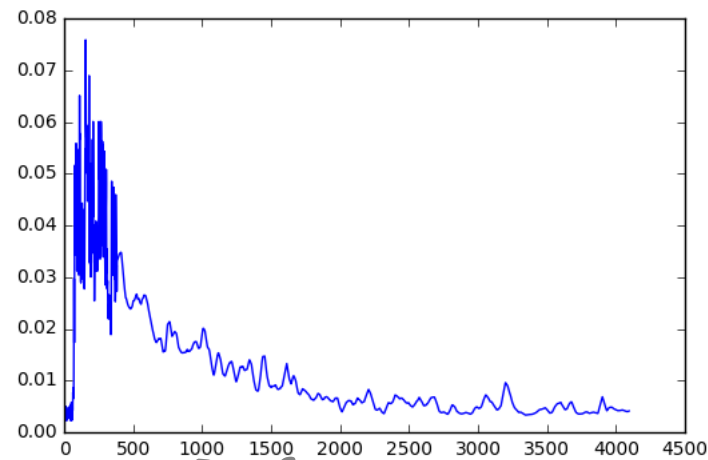
\* Using this method, I was able to extract about 2256 "piled up" events from SubRun69 to 79 in Run009(plotted each waveform of all 2256 events, checked almost all are "piled up"). I suspect there more, as I "cheated" my way to here(On a much smaller filtered dataset).

\* However, there is still more work/test to be sorted out, "Hyper-parameterisation", data cleaning, different ML methods.....

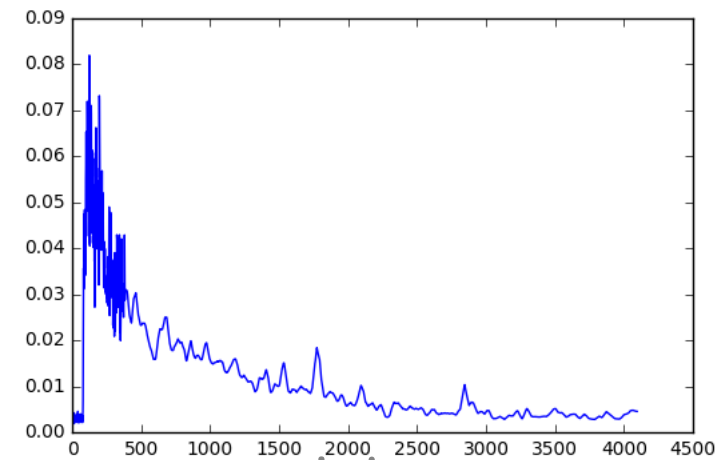
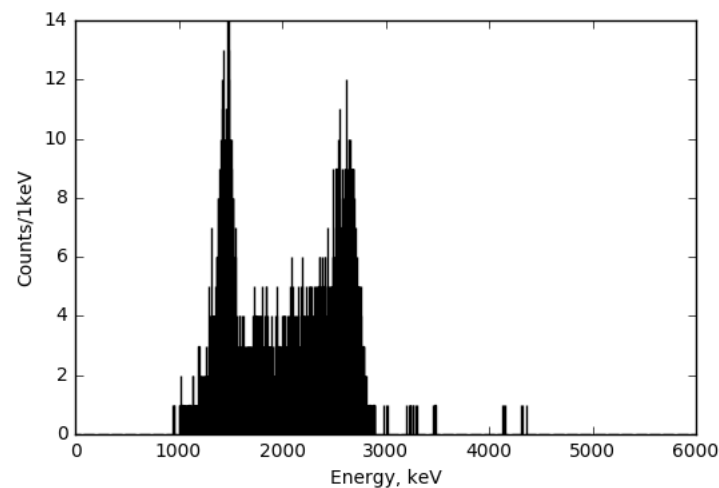


# Example: Classifying waveform into groups

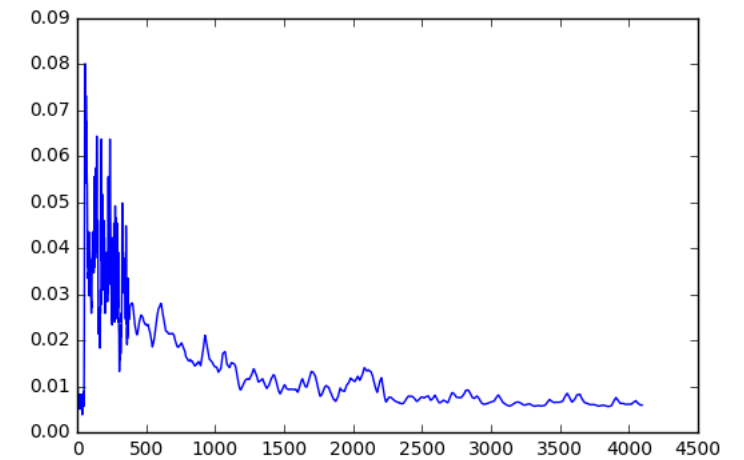
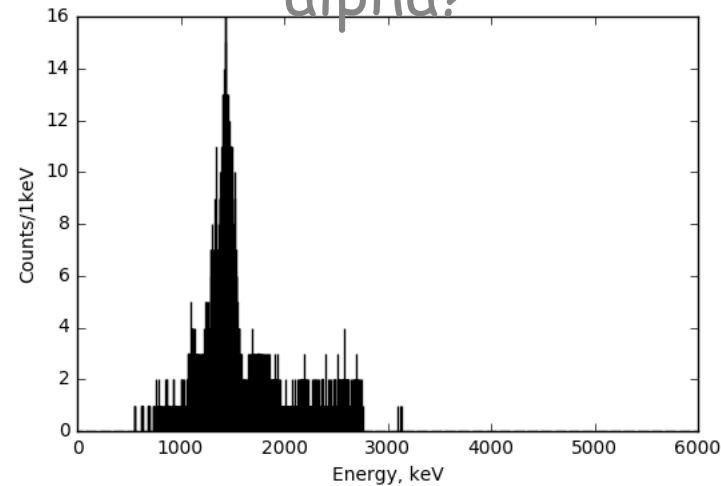
\*From a test dataset of a single subsubrun( $\text{psdpara}[1] < 1.5$ )



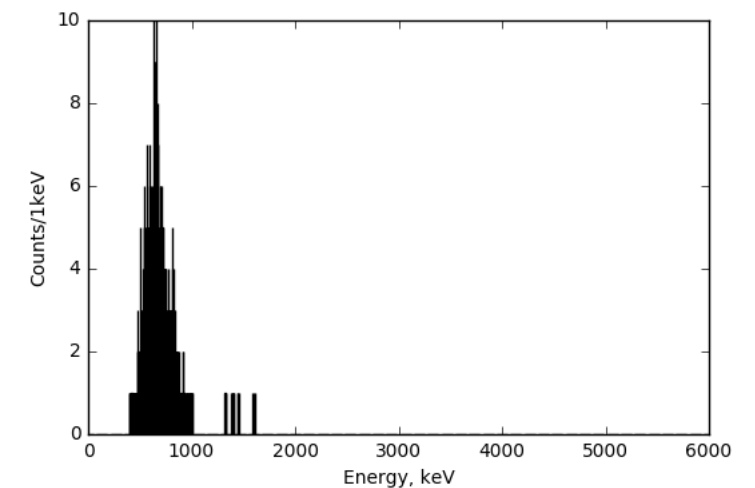
Reference?



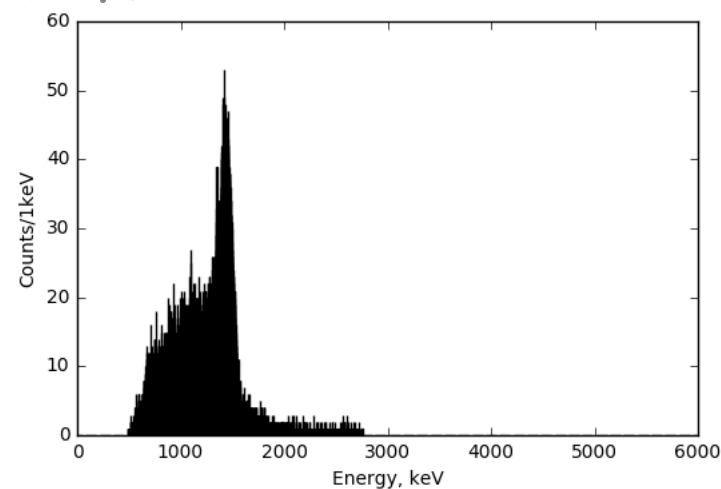
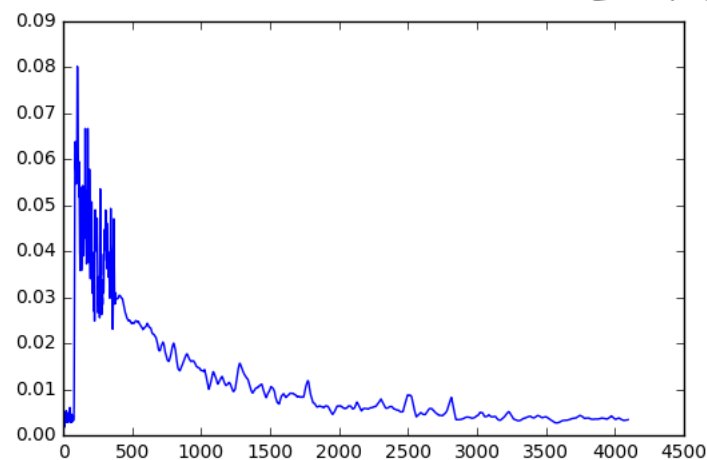
alpha?



Bad?



LS/LS+ref?



There are instance where the output was not according to my expectation. I still looking into the cause. (My suspicion is the standard dataset is "dirty")